

ՀԱՆՐԱՊԵՏԱԿԱՆ ՀԱՆՐԱԿՐԹԱԿԱՆ ԲԱՑ ՕԼԻՄՊԻԱԴԱ
2024-2025
Անգլերեն (4-րդ դասարան)

Անուն Ազգանուն _____

Դպրոց _____

Դասարան _____ Խումբ _____



1. Complete the text with the correct tense form of the verbs in brackets. (1.5 points)

I want to tell you about my day. I usually (1) _____ (wake) up early and go for a run. Right now I (2) _____ (write) this letter but I am in a hurry. So I won't write a long letter.

You know, yesterday, I (3) _____ (decide) to go for a run. While I (4) _____ (run) in the park, I (5) _____ (see) my old friend, Kate. We chatted for a while about our plans.

Later, I (6) _____ (go) to the market to buy some vegetables for the salad. When I (7) _____ (arrive) at the market, I realized that my shopping list wasn't in my bag! I wasn't happy about that, but I (8) _____ (buy) everything.

Kate's birthday is next week. I think I (9) _____ (meet) some of old friends at her house. I hope we (10) _____ (have) a great party to celebrate her birthday. I hope to see you there!

2. Match the two halves of the sentences. Write the answers (the letters) on the lines. (2 points).

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. The sun is shining, _____ | A. so he can ride it to school. |
| 2. I love reading books, _____ | B. because it helps me learn new things. |
| 3. Sarah forgot to set her alarm, _____ | C. so she helped him to look for it under the sofa. |
| 4. We are going to the park, _____ | D. and we will have a picnic there. |
| 5. She finished her homework, _____ | E. because the weather is warm. |
| 6. Emily's little brother lost his toy, _____ | F. to celebrate the summer holidays. |
| 7. My dog loves to play _____ | G. and it's so colorful. |
| 8. They went to the beach, _____ | H. and she can relax now. |
| 9. He has a new bike, _____ | I. and to run after the ball. |
| 10. The flowers are everywhere, _____ | J. but luckily, she woke up just in time for school. |

3 . Find the antonym of the given word and circle it. (1.5 points)

- | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 1. Often | - | A. never | B. usually | C. Regularly |
| 2. Tiny | - | A. small | B. short | C. Huge |
| 3. Rude | - | A. polite | B. happy | C. Awful |
| 4. Beautiful | - | A. tall | B. lovely | C. Ugly |
| 5. Hate | - | A. remember | B. love | C. Think |
| 6. Difficult | - | A. good | B. easy | C. Happy |
| 7. Buy | - | A. sell | B. give | C. Take |
| 8. Begin | - | A. start | B. finish | C. Avoid |
| 9. Catch | - | A. drop | B. capture | C. Receive |
| 10. Short | - | A. little | B. good | C. Long |

4. Read and find 5 sentences with one word that sounds wrong or funny and write it on the line. If the sentence is correct, put a ✓. Us the first letter of the silly/ funny words, make a new word and write it on the line below. (2.7 points)

1. We walked to the park early to get a good spot for our picnic. _____
2. I went to home in my new car. _____
3. John was an actor. He acting played the role of a cowboy in many films. _____

- 4.The cat swam onto the sofa and curled up for a nap. _____
- 5.Our teacher asked us to write our answers in the notebook. _____
- 6.The flowers bloomed beautifully in the spring sunshine. _____
7. When I fly to on a plane, I always sit near the window . _____
- 8.The little boy was excited to eat his birthday candles before making a wish. _____
9. The children were playing football with their friends. _____
10. They put on their blue boots because it was raining. _____



The secret word is: _____

(0.3 points)

5. Read the paragraphs and put them in order. Write the correct order of the letters on the lines below.

(6 points)

Paragraph 1

A. Being nocturnal helps mice to hide from the animals that want to eat them. A lot of birds, snakes, and lizards like to eat mice sleep at night—except, of course, owls!

B. Most people are awake during the day and sleep all night. Owls live the opposite way. Owls are nocturnal. This means that they sleep all day and don't sleep at night. Because owls are nocturnal, they eat at night. But finding food in the dark is difficult. To help them, they have special eyes and ears.

C. Like owls, mice are also nocturnal animals. Mice have a good sense of smell. This helps them find food in the dark.

D. Owls have very large eyes. These eyes help them see better at night than other animals. Since owls can see well at night, this helps them find food in the dark.

Owls also have very good hearing. Even when owls are in the trees, they can hear small animals moving in the grass below. This helps owls catch their prey even when it is very dark.

The answer is _____



Paragraph 2.

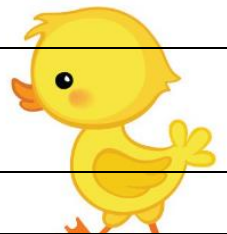
A. As time passed, the ugly duckling grew bigger and stronger. He understood that he didn't look like the other ducks, and this made him feel sadder. He was scared of the other animals. So the duckling decided to go away from the farm and live on his own.

B. The journey was long and difficult, but the ugly duckling walked and walked. He saw new places, but he was lonely there. He didn't understand why he was so different. But the spring started, something magical happened.

C. Once upon a time, there was an ugly duckling in the family of ducks. Everyone laughed at how different he looked. The other animals at the farm laughed at him, calling him ugly. The duckling was sad and alone because he didn't fit in with the others.

D. One day, as the ugly duckling was near the water, he saw himself in the water for the first time. He was not the ugly duckling he once was. He was a beautiful swan! Soon, he became friends with a group of swans. Finally, the ugly duckling was not alone, and he found his place in the world.

The answer is _____



Paragraph 3

A. One of the best things about travelling is the adventure. Every journey helps to find a beautiful beach or a new tradition you've never seen before. Travelling opens your eyes and shows you beautiful places and people. You do something unusual and experience something new.

B. Finally, travelling helps you to see how people live in different parts of the world and helps to understand different cultures. By the end of your journey, you'll have new memories that will be with you for a long time.

C. Travelling is a way to go to new places, learn about different cultures, and make memories. Travelling gives you the chance to learn about the world. When you travel you can see, do, learn something, or have an unusual adventure.

D. Another good thing about travelling is that you eat new food and explore the markets. Different countries have their delicious food. Eating something new can be interesting and the flavors can stay with you long after you return home.

E. The third thing is that travelling teaches you to be open-minded. Things don't always go as planned—the weather can change, or something can happen—but that's part of the adventure and all of these can give you stories to tell when you go back.

The answer is _____



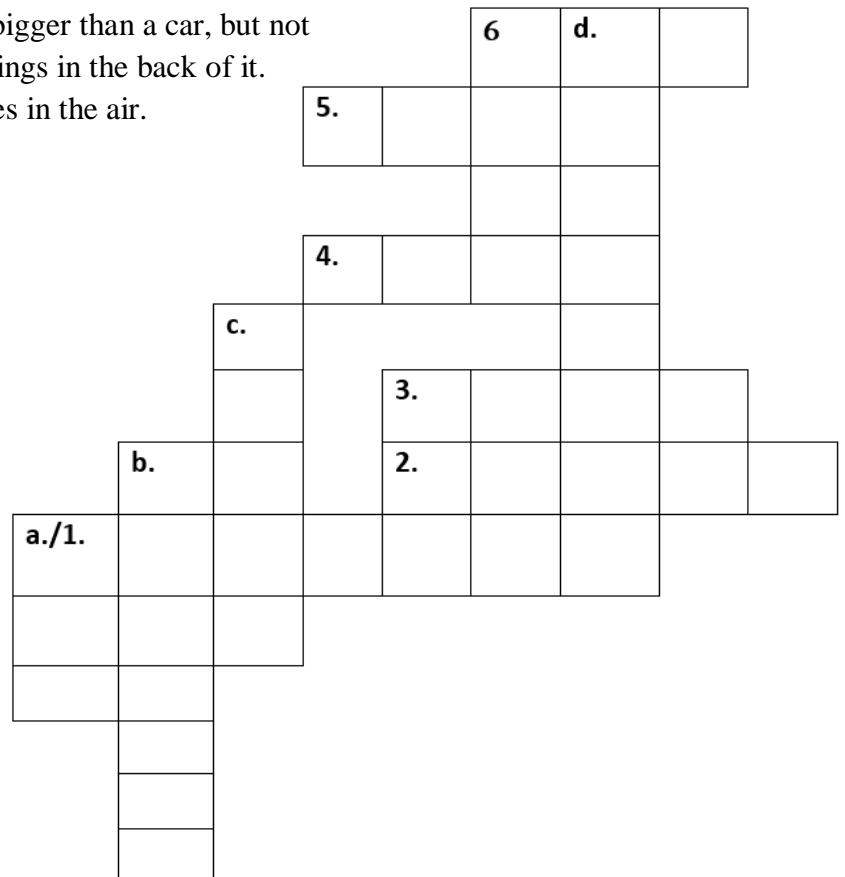
6. Read the clues and write the words in the puzzle .

(3 points)

Down:



- a.** This mode of transportation is bigger than a car and a truck, travels on roads, and can carry 60 people.
- b.** These are used to touch. They are part of the hand.
- c.** This mode of transportation is bigger than a car, but not as big as a bus. You can put things in the back of it.
- d.** This mode of transportation flies in the air. It has wings and a pilot.



Across:



- 1.** This mode of transportation has two wheels. You can exercise your legs by riding it.
- 2.** This action is fun. You move your body when music is playing at parties.
- 3.** This mode of transportation moves on top of the water.
- 4.** This word means: you use your legs to push your body up into the air.
- 5.** You have to hold up your hand and say “____, ____” to stop it and get a ride in this car.
- 6.** You can see this transportation everywhere. It has four wheels, travels on roads, and uses gas. Your parents have it.

7. Read and choose sentences that make sense or are correct. Choose 2 answers for each option. (3 points)

<p>1.A. Something that is <u>beautiful</u> is very <u>pretty</u>. B. Something that is <u>expensive</u> is very <u>funny</u>. C. Something that is <u>big</u> is very <u>small</u>. D. Something that is <u>tiny</u> is very <u>small</u>.</p>	<p>6. A. A <u>mother</u> is part of a <u>family</u>. B. A <u>shoe</u> is part of a <u>knee</u>. C. <u>Bread</u> is part of a <u>sandwich</u>. D. A <u>boat</u> is part of a <u>car</u>.</p>
<p>2.A. <u>French</u> is a type of <u>language</u>. B. <u>Juice</u> is a type of <u>drink</u>. C. <u>English</u> is a type of <u>book</u>. D. <u>Chocolate</u> is a type of <u>water</u>.</p>	<p>7. A. A <u>spoon</u> is something you <u>eat</u>. B. A <u>cake</u> is something you <u>bake</u>. C. A <u>school</u> is something you <u>learn</u>. D. A <u>plane</u> is something you <u>fly</u>.</p>
<p>3.A. Something that is <u>huge</u> is very <u>big</u>. B. Something that is <u>good</u> is very <u>bad</u>. C. Something that is <u>ancient</u> is <u>old</u>. D. Something that is <u>new</u> is very <u>sweet</u>.</p>	<p>8. A. A <u>day</u> is part of a <u>week</u>. B. A <u>ball</u> is part of a <u>box</u>. C. A <u>school</u> is part of a <u>house</u>. D. A <u>page</u> is part of a <u>book</u>.</p>
<p>4.A. A <u>sister</u> is part of a <u>brother</u>. B. A <u>window</u> is part of a <u>bicycle</u>. C. A <u>word</u> is part of a <u>sentence</u>. D. <u>Legs</u> are part of our <u>body</u>.</p>	<p>9. A. A <u>star</u> is used to <u>run</u>. B. A <u>cup</u> is used to <u>drink</u>. C. An <u>animal</u> is used to <u>jump</u>. D. A <u>broom</u> is used to <u>sweep</u>.</p>
<p>5.A. A <u>shirt</u> is used to <u>cry</u>. B. A <u>helmet</u> is used to protect our <u>head</u>. C. A <u>piano</u> is used to <u>sing</u>. D. A <u>car</u> is used to <u>drive</u>.</p>	<p>10. A. A <u>dentist</u> uses a <u>hammer</u>. B. A <u>teacher</u> uses a <u>fire</u>. C. A <u>student</u> uses a <u>pencil</u>. D. A <u>painter</u> uses a <u>brush</u>.</p>

Total: _____ / 20 points