





NAME .		 	 	 	 	
SURNA	ME					

Grade 5 Admission Test

Task 1 Read the passages and complete the tasks below. (1 point each correct answer)



National Tea Day

If you've ever spent time in the UK, you'll surely have had a nice 'cuppa'. There's tea for breakfast, tea during break time, tea when visiting a friend's house, tea to wake up, tea to relax ... you get the idea of every affair. Tea even gets its very own special day in the UK, 21 April.

Is the UK the 'capital' of tea?

In short, no. While drinking tea is certainly a centuriesold tradition in the UK, many countries have their own

strong cultural practices involving tea. The nation which drinks most tea is Turkey, where a 2013 survey showed that people drank an average of ten cups a day! This was followed by Ireland, with the UK coming in third place. Other countries with an obsession with tea include Iran, Russia and Morocco. It is also a popular drink in China and India, where most of the world's tea is grown.

What do the British consider to be tea?

Many forms of tea exist around the world. Green tea is popular in China and Japan. In India, tea is often prepared with spices and boiled in both water and milk, and Tibetans commonly drink tea with butter and salt. In the UK, tea is typically a variety of black tea and can be prepared with loose tea or teabags. It is made with boiling water, allowed to **brew** for about five minutes and then mixed with a little milk (and possibly some sugar). And thus, the perfect British **cuppa** is ready!

Milk: before or after the tea?

Despite the fact that tea has been popular in the UK for hundreds of years, the question of when to add the milk is one which still **provokes** many an argument! Most people first pour the tea into the cup, then add the milk, but others disagree. It is said that this was a way for the rich to show off their wealth. They often drank tea in **porcelain** cups, and it was only the better-quality porcelain that could **withstand** the temperature of very hot tea. This meant that people who had lower-quality cups needed to first pour the milk so that the cup wouldn't break.

What happens on National Tea Day?

On 21 April, tea parties are held in cafés, pubs, hotels and tea rooms across the UK. Many of these events aim to encourage people to try different varieties of tea and to appreciate how drinking it with others can **enrich** their lives. Some of these events also promote **sustainably** produced tea and better prices and working conditions for farmers, while others raise funds for different charities from the sales. However people observe this special day, it's about appreciating the opportunity that sharing a cup of tea gives to people to connect with one another.







Task 1 (1point each)

Are the sentences true or false?

		Answer	
1. In the UK, tea is mainly	True	False	
2. People in Morocco ge	True	False	
3. A typical British cuppa	True	False	
4. In the UK, everyone po	True	False	
5. Meeting to drink tea is	True	False	
Task 2 (2 points)			
Is tea popular where you	live? What is the best way to enjoy a cup of tea? (2	points)	
		_	
Fask 3		_	
Гаsk 3 Match the definitions (a–h	n) with the vocabulary (1–8). (1 point each)	_	
	n) with the vocabulary (1–8). (1 point each) Definition	_	
Match the definitions (a-h	Definition	_	
Match the definitions (a-h	Definition a. to be strong enough not to break	_	/
Match the definitions (a—h Vocabulary 1 a cuppa 2 to brew	Definitiona. to be strong enough not to breakb. a cup of tea (informal British English)	_	
Match the definitions (a–b Vocabulary 1 a cuppa	Definitiona. to be strong enough not to breakb. a cup of tea (informal British English)c. to cause	_	
Match the definitions (a—h Vocabulary 1 a cuppa 2 to brew 3 to provoke	Definitiona. to be strong enough not to breakb. a cup of tea (informal British English)c. to caused. to improve the quality of	_	
Wocabulary 1 a cuppa 2 to brew 3 to provoke 4 porcelain	Definitiona. to be strong enough not to breakb. a cup of tea (informal British English)c. to cause		
Wocabulary 1 a cuppa 2 to brew 3 to provoke 4 porcelain 5 to withstand	Definition a. to be strong enough not to break b. a cup of tea (informal British English) c. to cause d. to improve the quality of e. to develop flavour in hot water		

Task 4. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box. You can use some of the verbs more than once. (1 point each)

/8

«Շիրակացու ճեմարան» միջազգային գիտակրթական համալիր







be do fail get take	
0 I usually <u>do</u> my homework right after school.	
1 If youthis exam, you can try again next	week.
2 Go to the gym if you want to part of th 3 I love Maths, so I usually well in exams.	
4 Do youon OK with students in you	
5 You shouldn'tafraid of snorkeling – it'	's just like swimming.
	/5
Task 5. Complete the sentences with a, an, the or	Ø. (1 point each)
0 Jason is <u>a g</u> ood cook.	
1 My sister lives in Manchester.	
2 There's a supermarket near my house su	permarket opens at nine.
3 Do you like coffee?	
4 I'd like to eat orange right now.	
	/4
	TOTAL/24
	Keys